
Some issues of reforming the management system of the country's agro-industrial complex

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Abstract

Subject / topic. The topic of this article is the key aspects of reforming the management system of the country's agro-industrial complex. The subject of the research is technologies and management processes for the development of agro-industrial enterprises. Goals / objectives. The purpose of the article is to clarify and supplement the theoretical and methodological concept of reforming the management system of the country's agro-industrial complex. In the course of the study, a number of tasks were solved: the need for reforming the management system of the country's agro-industrial complex was taken into account, taking into account current and forthcoming changes in socio-economic development to ensure the required level of the country's food security; the definition of "food security" is clarified taking into account the existing theoretical approaches to the definition of this concept, some directions of reform are justified. **Methodology.** The methodological basis of this article is the economic and statistical methods of analysis, regulatory and legal documents in the field of ensuring food security of the Russian Federation, as well as open analytical materials on key aspects of reforming the management system of the country's agro-industrial complex. **Results.** The article substantiates that the level of food security demonstrates the ability of the national socio-economic system to provide the most important public needs for food resources, as well as create the necessary guarantees to ensure the normal functioning of both the society as a whole and individual groups (categories) of the population. In view of this, at present the most important issues are the reform of the management system of the agro-industrial complex of the country, the main functional purpose of which is to ensure food security at the regional and federal levels. The study identifies several areas for improving the management of the agro-industrial complex in Russia. **Conclusions / significance.** Over the past more than half a century, the world agro-industrial sphere has changed significantly: not only new methods and tools for cultivating agricultural lands appeared, but also the variety of varieties of crops, animal breeds, methods, methods and technologies for processing raw materials into finished products increased. At the beginning of the first quarter of the twentieth century, the main requirement for the agro-industrial sector was the adequacy of the production of food products necessary to provide basic consumer needs. But already within the limits of dissemination of the results of scientific and technical progress (diffusion of knowledge and innovations), leading to the formation of an industrial, and subsequently post-industrial society, the requirements for the efficiency of production of agricultural raw materials, as well as efficiency management of the country's agro-industrial complex began to increase steadily. **Application.** The findings and results of the study can be used in the development of regional and local programs for reforming the management system of enterprises in the sphere of agriculture and agro-industrial production.

Keywords: *structural transformations of the management system of agroindustrial complex, transformation, market, resource-innovative model, program, food security, economic relations*

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